



Ein Unternehmen der Salzgitter Gruppe

GrInHy – Grüner Wasserstoff in der Stahlherstellung

Salzgitter, 07.06.2017

Simon Kroop

Salzgitter AG Konzern



Außenumsatz kons.: 7,9 Mrd. €
 EBT: 53 Mio. €

Mitarbeiter: 23.152

Flachstahl

- Außenumsatz: 1,8 Mrd. €
- EBT: -2 Mio. €
- Mitarbeiter: 6.062



Grobblech / Profilstahl

- Außenumsatz: 0,7 Mrd. €
- EBT: -32 Mio. €
- Mitarbeiter: 2.585



Mannesmann

- Außenumsatz: 1,0 Mrd. €
- EBT: -22 Mio. €
- Mitarbeiter: 4.731



Handel

- Außenumsatz: 2,9 Mrd. €
- EBT: 45 Mio. €
- Mitarbeiter: 1.914



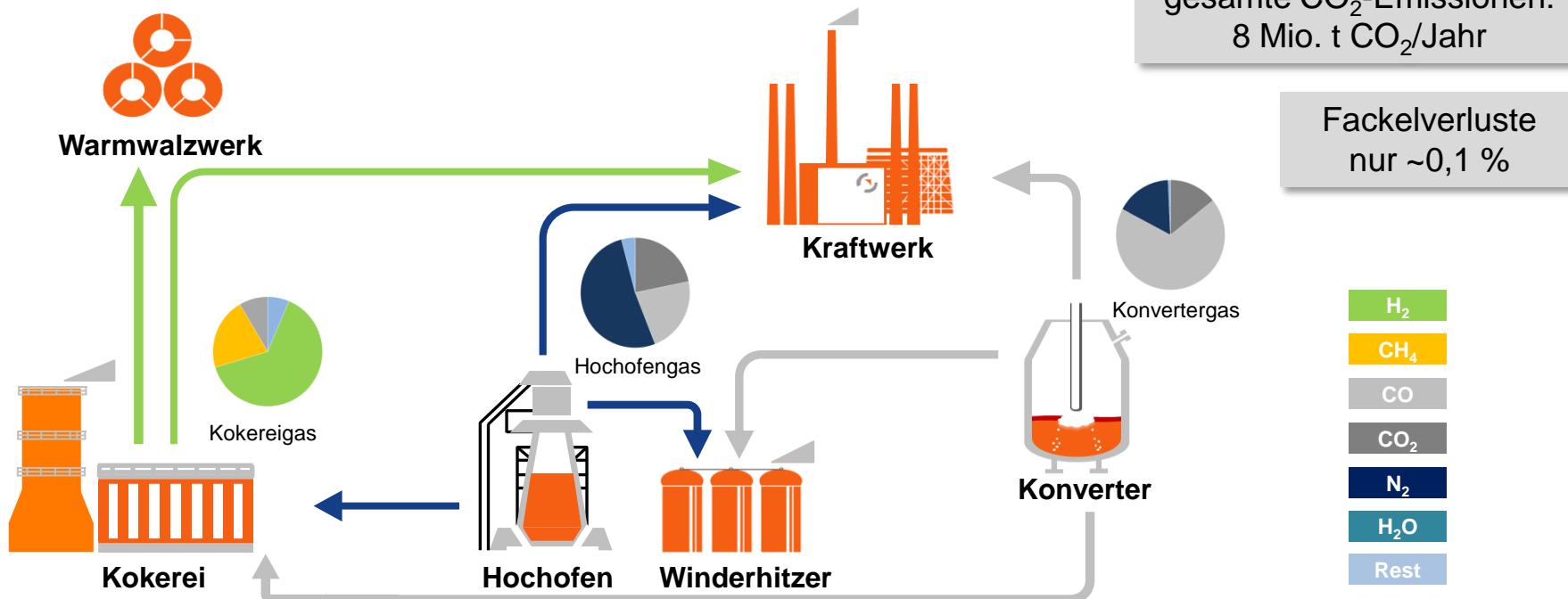
Technologie

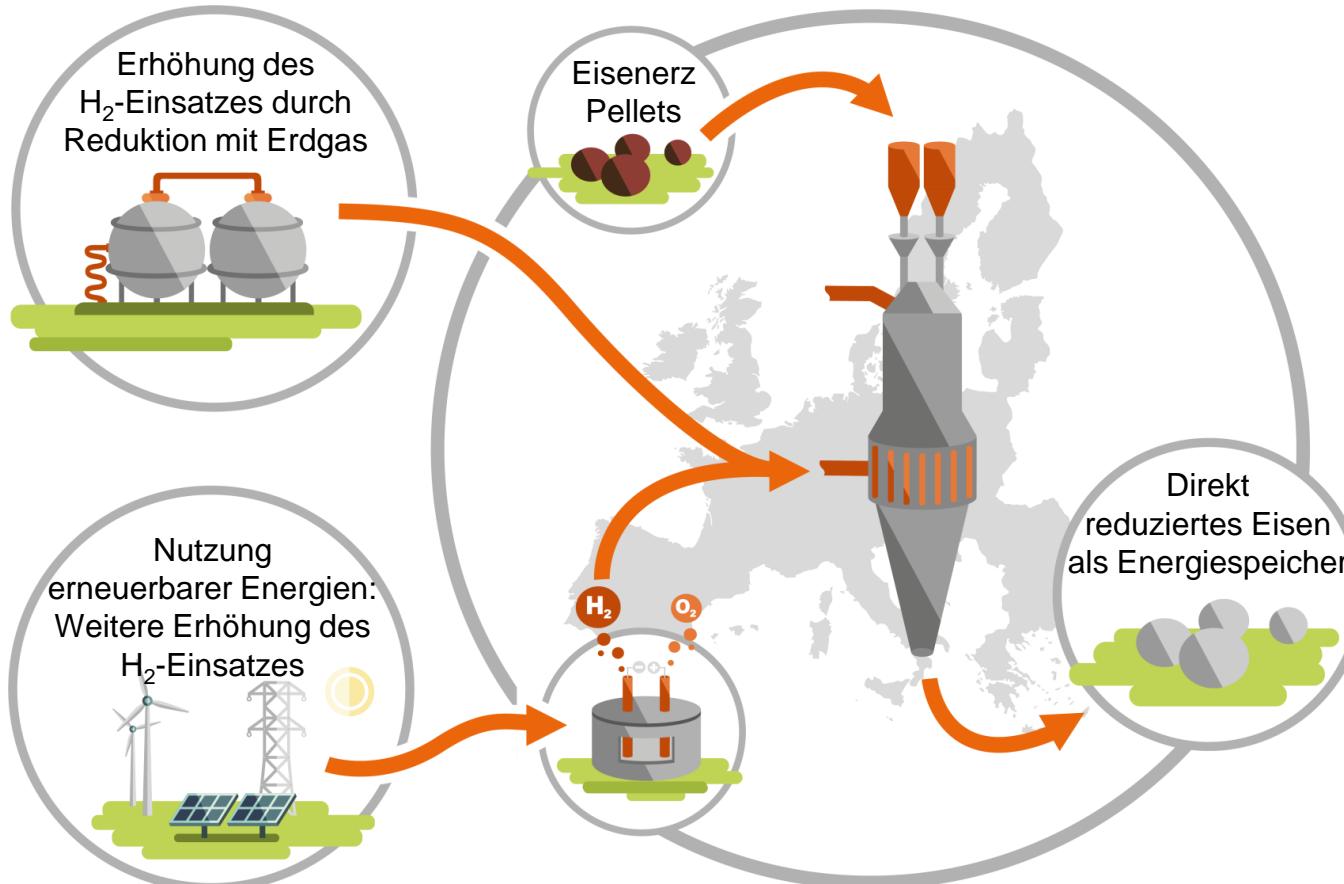
- Außenumsatz: 1,3 Mrd. €
- EBT: 28 Mio. €
- Mitarbeiter: 5.301



Das integrierte Hüttenwerk mit Kuppelgaswirtschaft

Heutige Stahlherstellung auf Basis von Kohlenstoff





CO₂-Vermeidung im integrierten Hüttenwerk

- H₂ statt C zur Eisenerzreduktion
- Weiterentwicklung bereits etablierter Technologien (Erdgas-Direktreduktion)
- Stufenweiser Umbau der Verfahrensroute: zwischen **10 – 80 %** CO₂-Einsparung
- BMBF-geförderte Machbarkeitsstudie **MACOR** (2017 – 2020)



GrInHy
Green Industrial Hydrogen

**Green Industrial Hydrogen
via reversible high-temperature electrolysis**

Simon Kroop, Salzgitter Mannesmann Forschung GmbH

Salzgitter, 2017-06-07

*This project has received funding
under grant agreement No 700300.*



Who we are



www.green-industrial-hydrogen.com

The GrInHy consortium consists of eight partners from five different EU countries and is characterized by its interdisciplinary expertise.

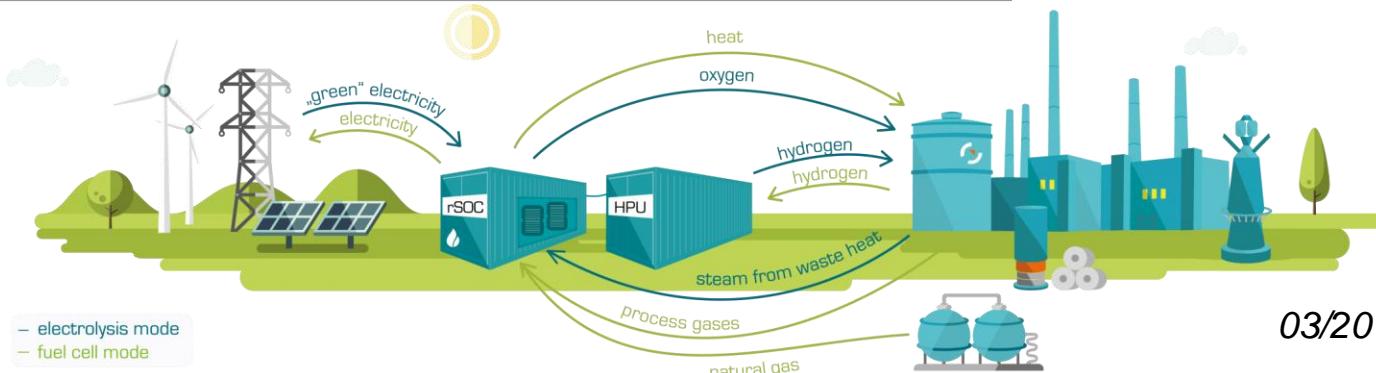
These include a technology specialized SME, large industries, university and non-university research organizations.

This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking under grant agreement No 700300.

This Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and Hydrogen Europe and N.ERGHY.



Mission



- Manufacturing of the most powerful **reversible high-temperature electrolyzer (HTE)**
- First-time implementation of a reversible HTE at an **integrated iron-and-steel works**
- Usage of **stream from (waste) heat** of on-site processes
- Meeting the **high-quality standards** for steel annealing processes
- Running the system in a **reversible operation**
- Assessment of further **business cases** to generate additional economical benefits
- Theoretical **proof of concept of green hydrogen production** from renewable energy sources

Energy balances

Electrolysis (SOEC mode)

ca. **80 %**

electricity

ca. **20 %**

(waste) heat @ 150 °C

SOEC

H₂

$\eta_{el,LHV} = 85 \%$

Potential

Due to the integration of waste heat
RSOCs are highly energy efficient in
terms of electrical energy input

Fuel Cell (SOFC mode)

H₂/synthesis gas

SOFC

electricity

heat @ 60 °C

$\eta_{el,LHV} = 50 - 60 \%$

$\eta_{th,LHV} = 30 \%$

Objectives



Efficiency

proof of reaching an overall electrical efficiency of at least 80 %_{LHV}



Upscaling

SOEC unit to a power input of 150 kW_{AC} and production of 40 Nm³_{H2}/h



Operation

at least 7,000 h of operating the system



Lifetime

greater than 10,000 h with a degradation rate below 1 %/1,000 h



Reversible Operation

higher capacity utilization for stronger business cases



Costs

development of dependable data on system costs and cost reductions



Exploitation Roadmap

reversible high-temperature electrolyzer as a marketable product

The GrInHy System





GrInHy
Green Industrial Hydrogen

visit us at www.green-industrial-hydrogen.com

This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking under grant agreement No 700300.

This Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and Hydrogen Europe and N.ERGHY.

